

MATH 1314

Chapter 3.3: Dividing Polynomials; Remainder And Factor Theorems

Divide 362 by 5.

Divide $x^2 + 10x + 21$ by $x + 3$.

Divide $4 - 5x - x^2 + 6x^3$ by $3x - 2$.

Division Algorithm:

$$f(x) = d(x)q(x) + r(x)$$

Dividend Divisor Quotient Remainder

Synthetic Division to Divide $f(x)$ by $(x - c)$:

Remainder Theorem:

If $f(x)$ is divided by $(x - c)$, the remainder is $f(c)$.

Find the remainder when $f(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 + 5x + 3$ is divided by $x - 2$.

Factor Theorem with $f(x)$:

If $f(c) = 0$, then $(x - c)$ factors $f(x)$. If $(x - c)$ factors $f(x)$, then $f(c) = 0$.

Find the zeros of $f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 35$.

The zeros of a function are 0, -2 , and 3. Find the equation.